

Fig. 1

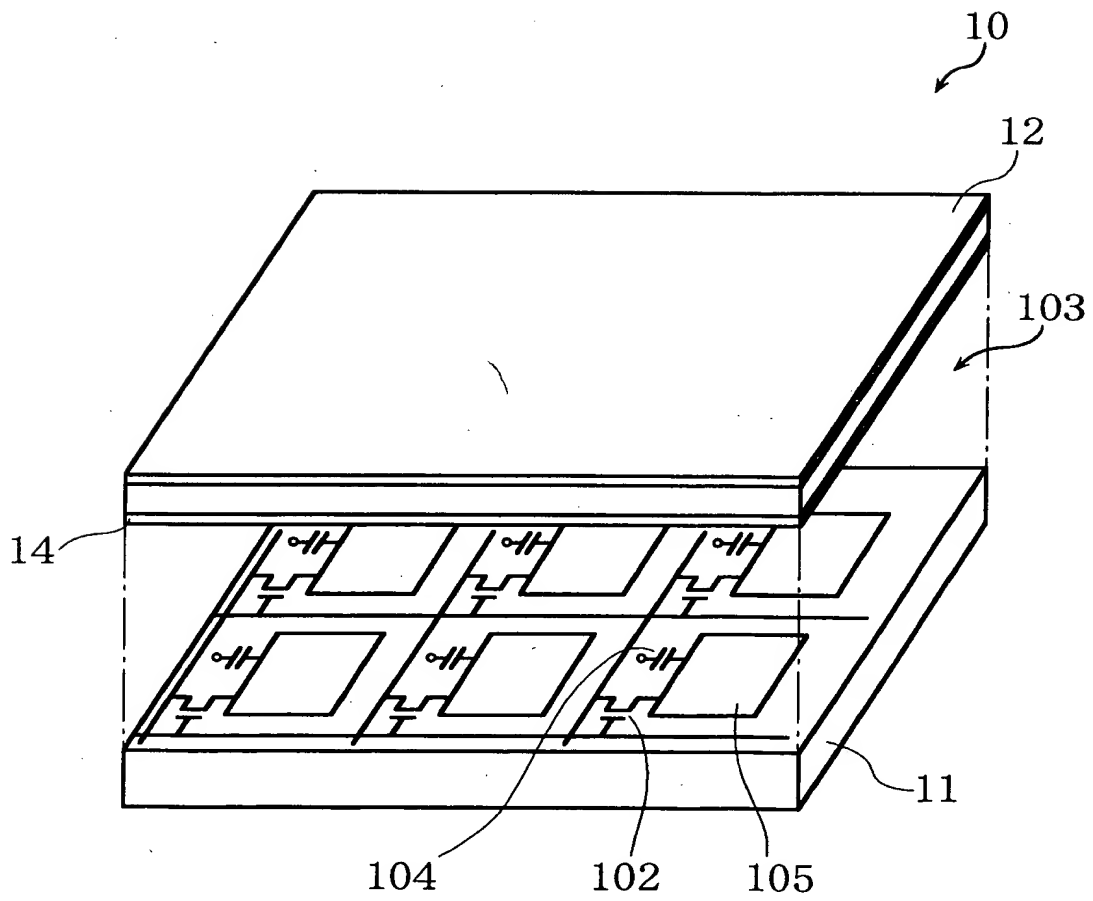


Fig. 2

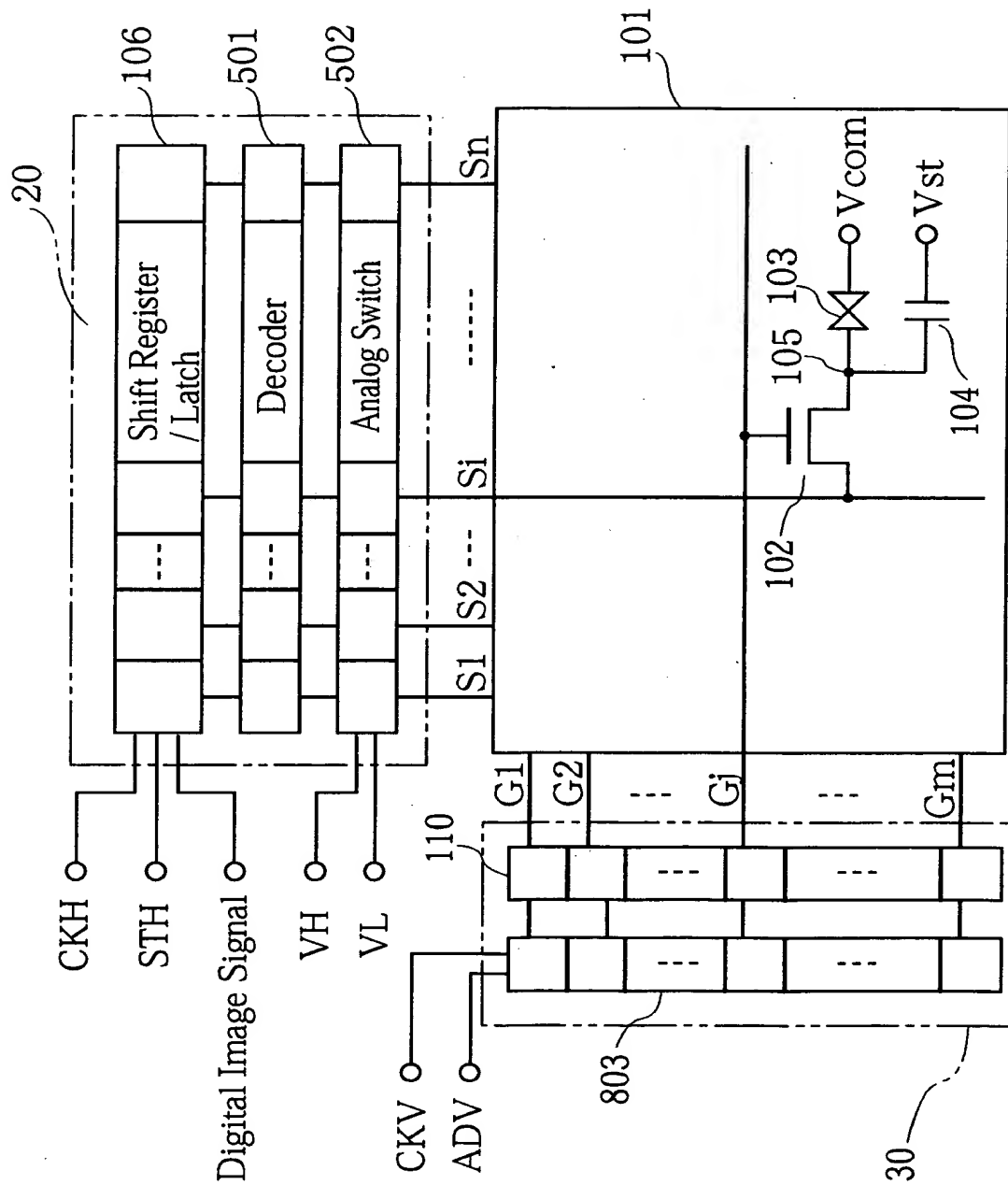
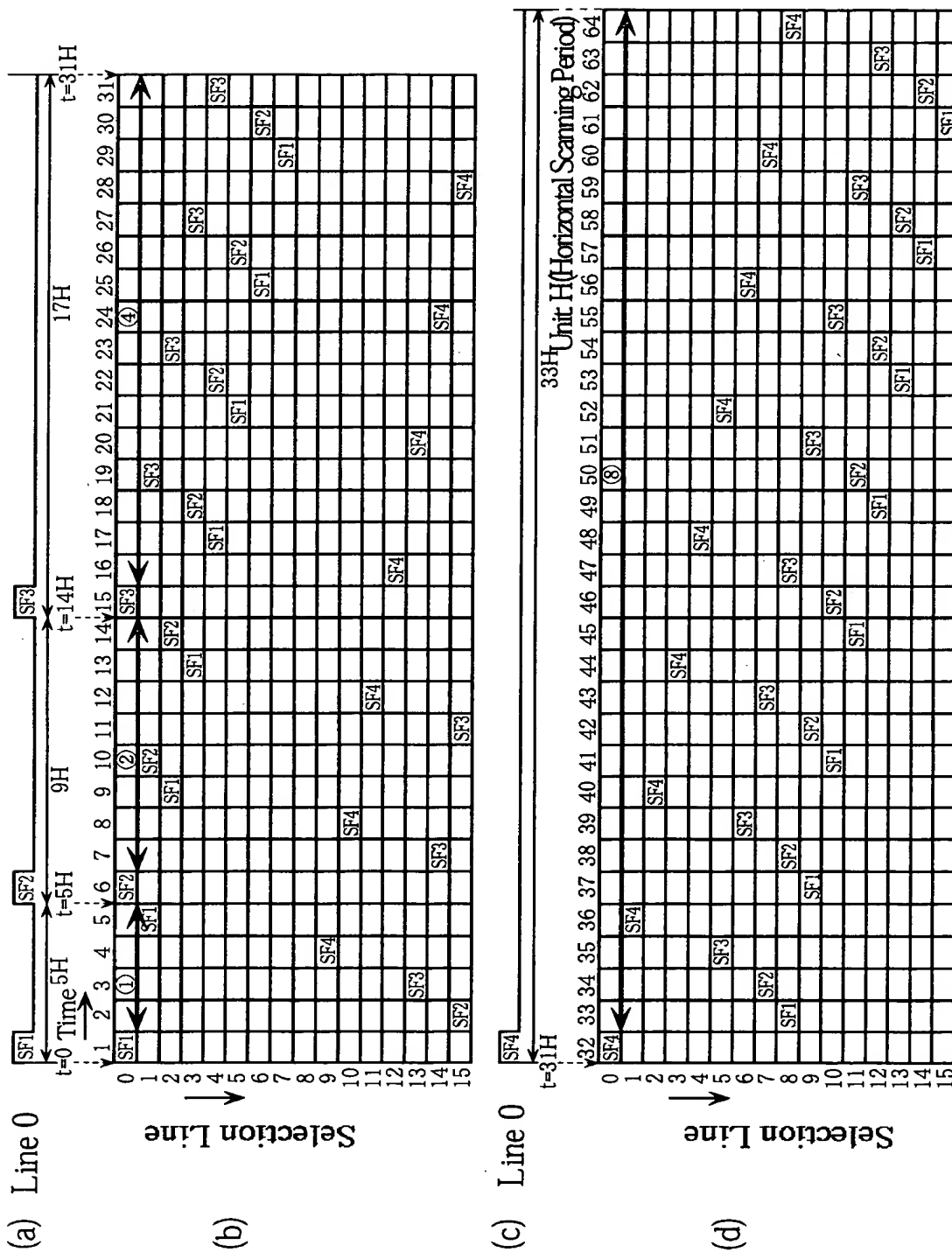
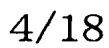


Fig. 33



[illegible]

(c) Line 0

t=31H

33H Unit H(Horizontal Scanning Period)

Selection Line

(d)

Fig. 6

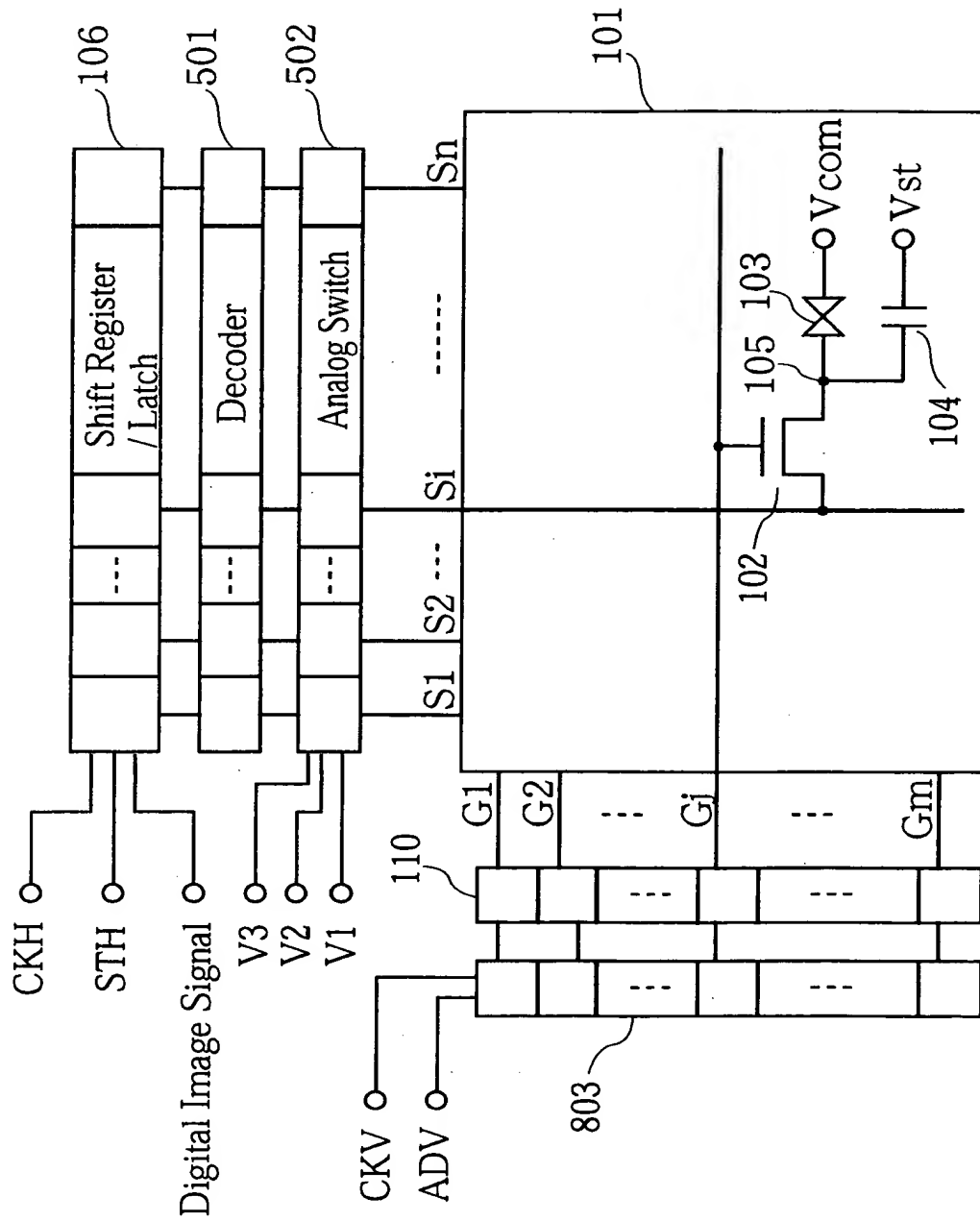


Fig. 7

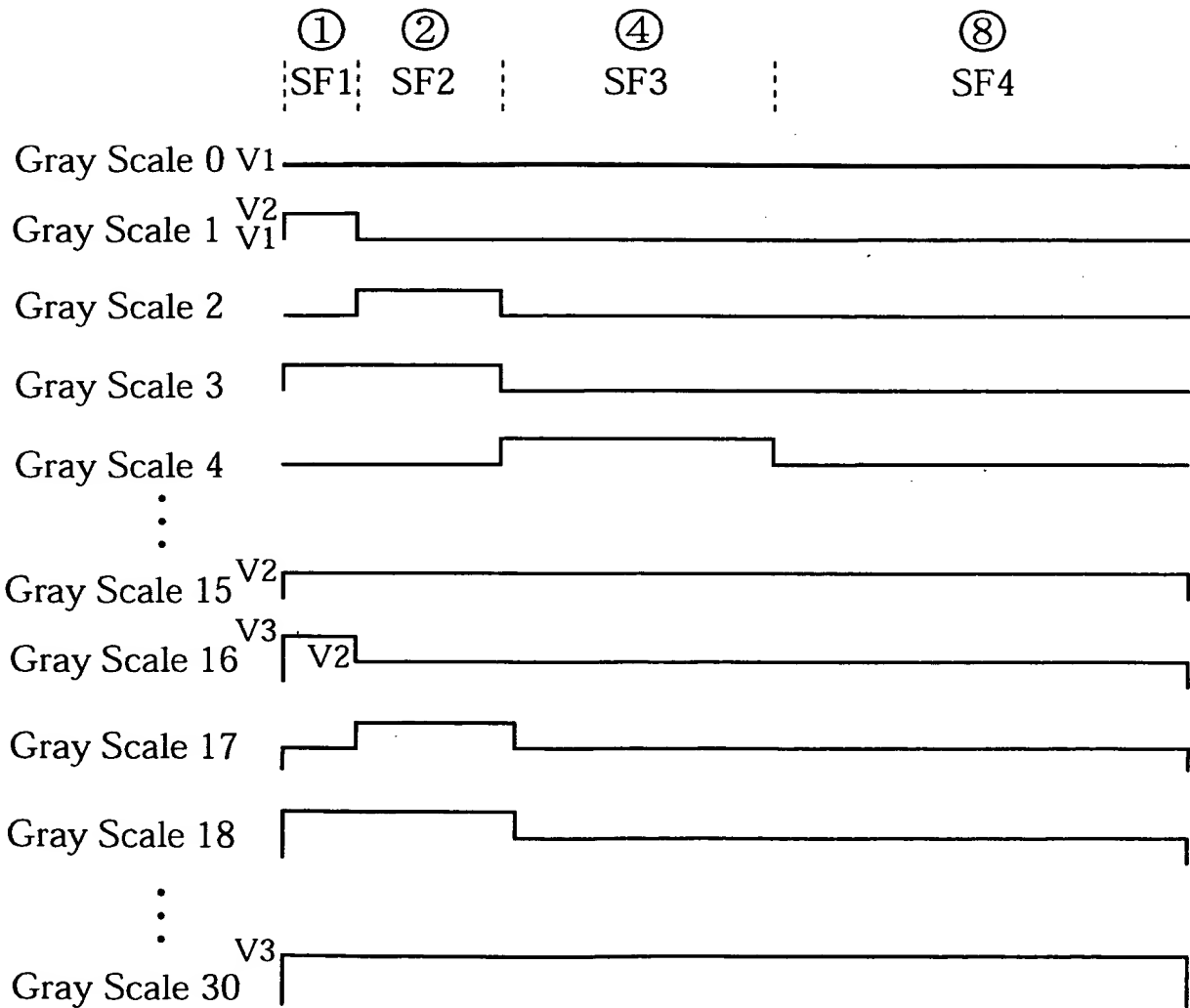


Fig. 8

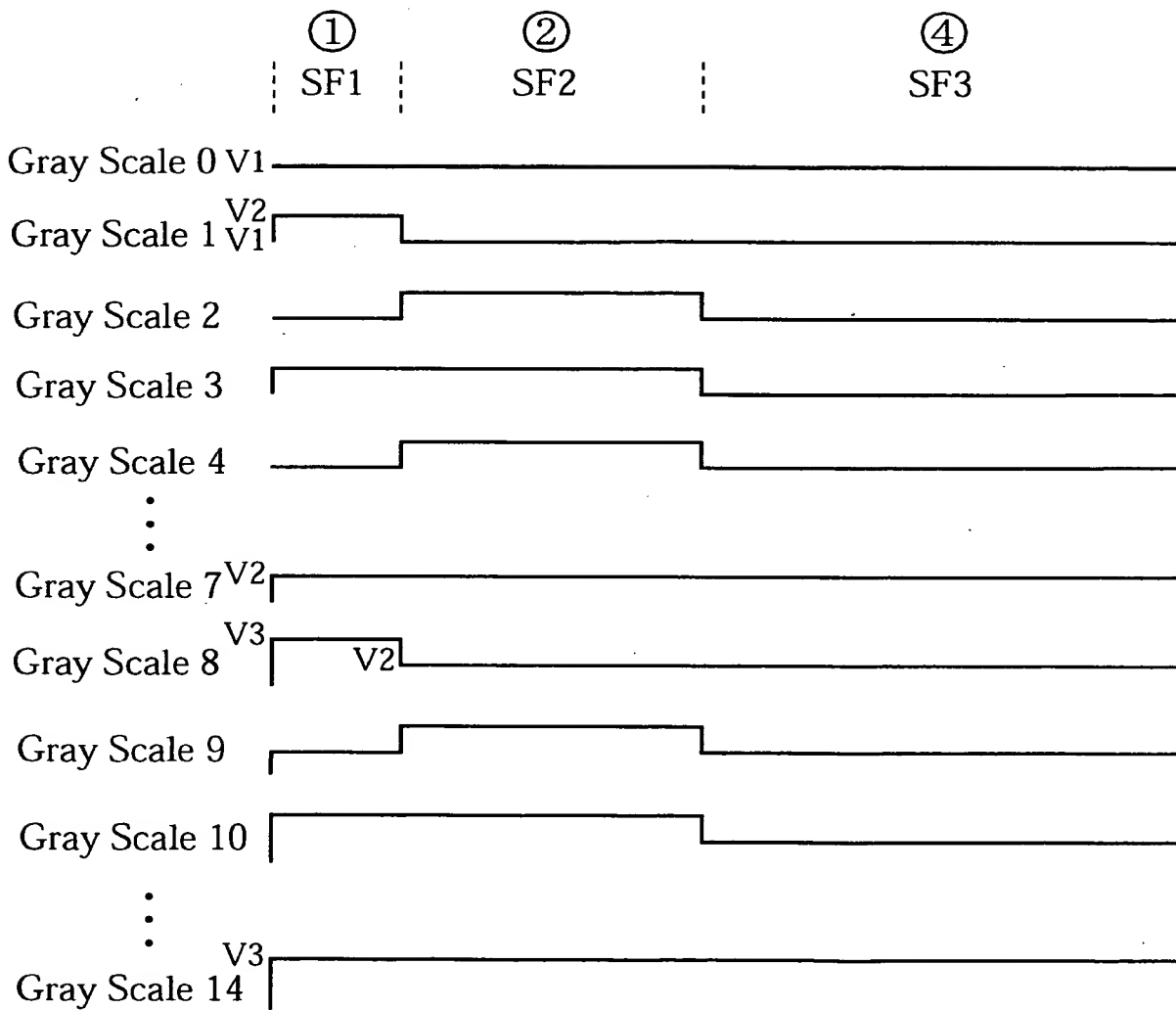




Fig. 9

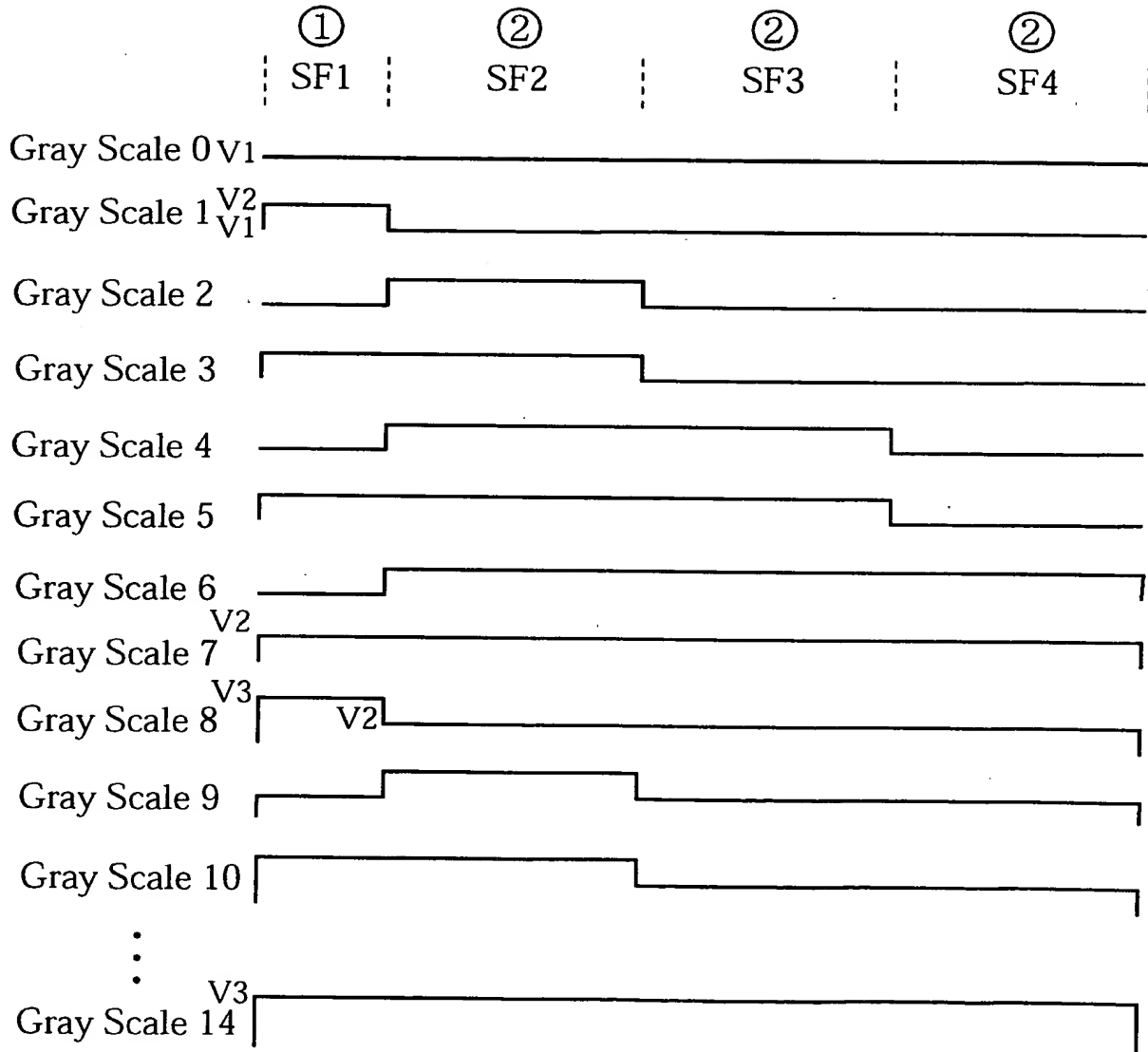




Fig. 11

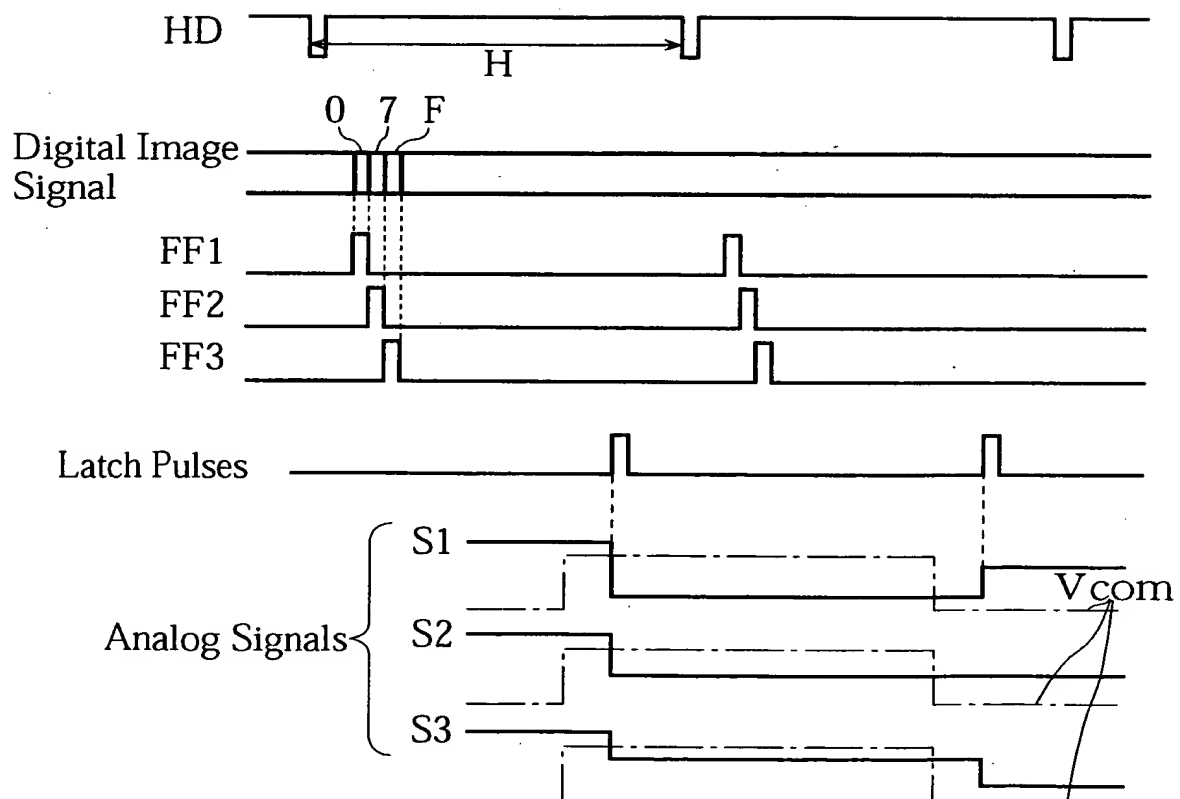
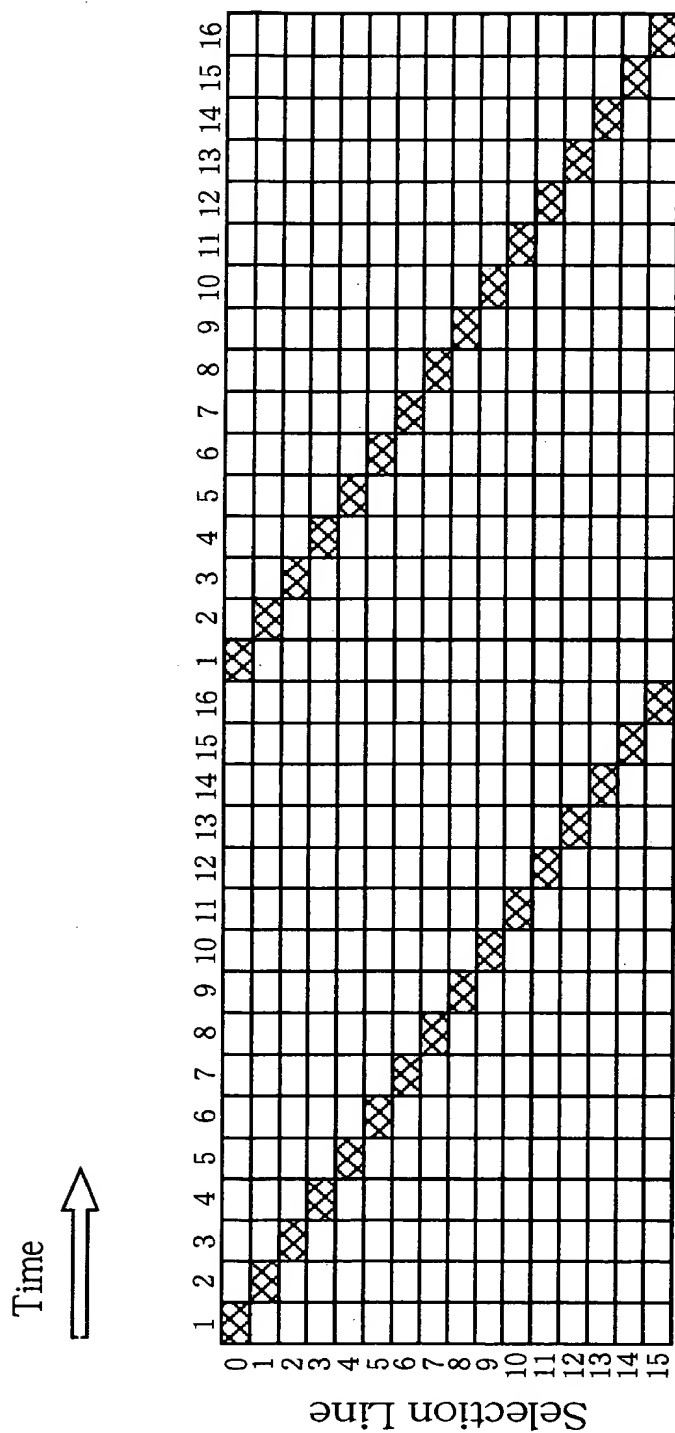


Fig. 12



$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}} \right) = \frac{\partial L}{\partial x}$

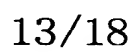
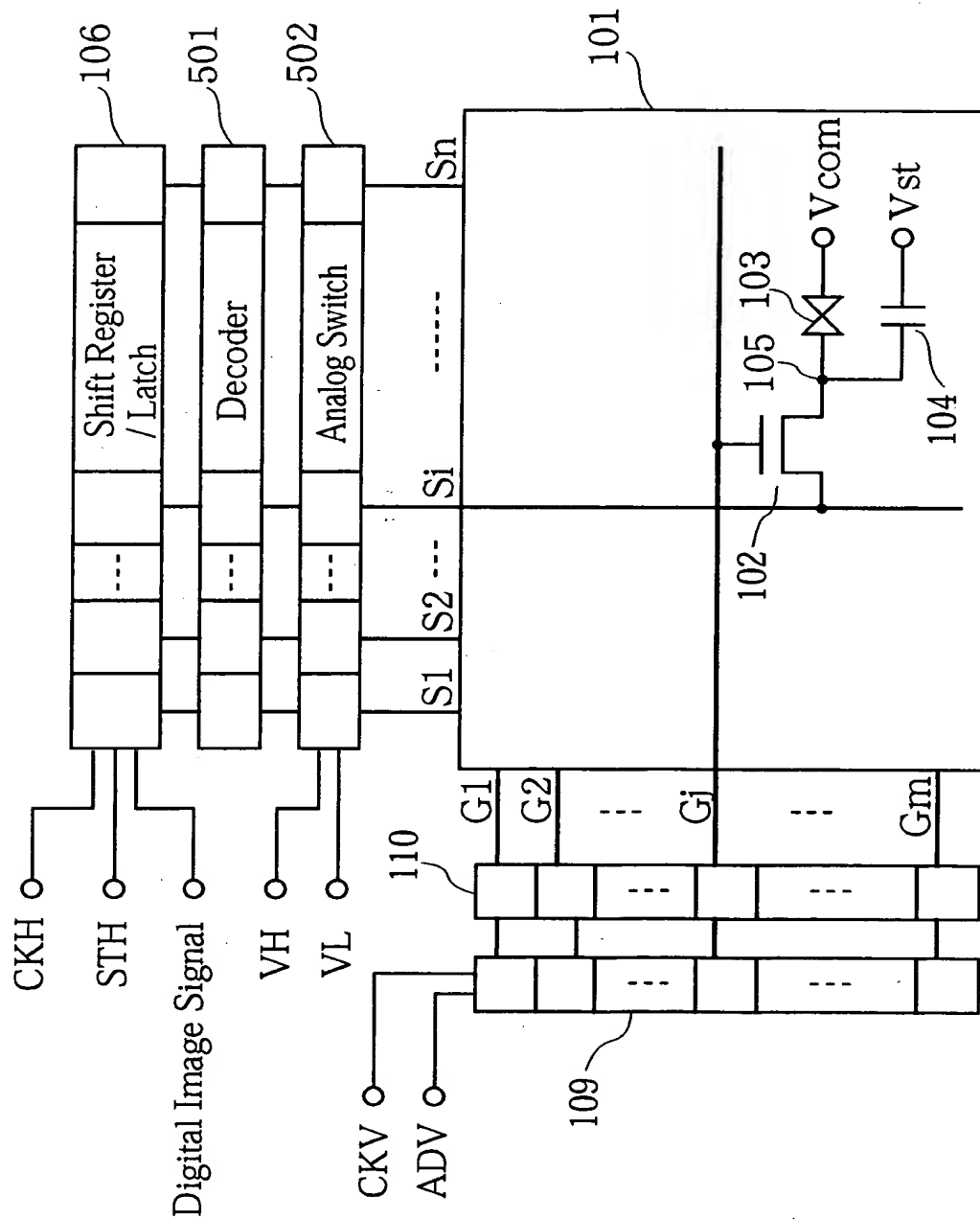


Fig. 14



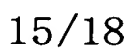
[illegible]

Fig. 16

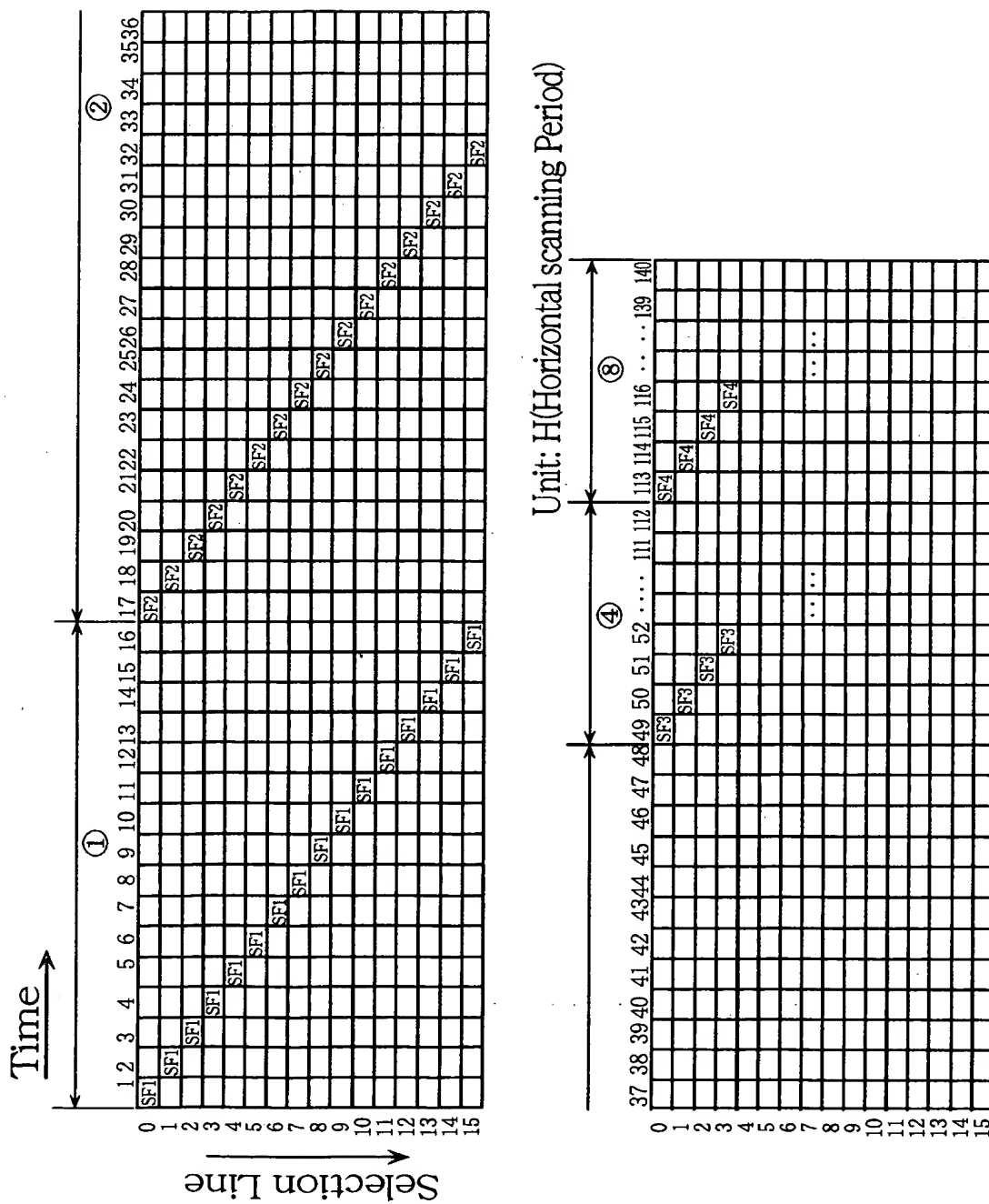




Figure 1 illustrates the relationship between the First Frame and the Second Frame. The First Frame is associated with Gray Scale 7 = "0111" and the Second Frame with Gray Scale 8 = "1000". The diagram shows a step function for Brightness over Time, with levels labeled ⑧ SF4, ④ SF3, ② SF2, and ① SF1. The First Frame covers the first two levels (⑧ SF4 and ④ SF3) and the Second Frame covers the next two levels (② SF2 and ① SF1). The total height of the step function is labeled Gray Scale 16.

Fig. 18

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